Building your personality is just like building a house





Place

Body



Approved Map

Directions given to us by الله And through ﷺ عجد







What approved map has been given to us?

o In the Qur'an:

سُوۡرَةُ المؤمنون •

(a) (٢) الَّذِينَ هُمۡ فِى صَلَاتِهٖمۡ خَـٰشِعُونَ (١) الَّذِينَ هُمۡ فِى صَلَاتِهٖمۡ خَـٰشِعُونَ (٢) Successful indeed are the believers. (1)

Those who offer their Salât (prayers) with all solemnity and full submissiveness. (2)

وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمۡ عَن ٱللَّغُو مُعۡرضُونَ (٣) (b)

And those who turn away from Al-Laghw (dirty, false, evil vain talk, falsehood, and all that Allâh has forbidden). (3)

وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمۡ لِلزَّكَوٰةِ فَلٰعِلُونَ (٤) (c)

And those who pay the Zakat. (4)

وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمۡ لِفُرُوجِهِمۡ حَلٰفِظُونَ (٥) (d)

(4) And those who guard their chastity (i.e. private parts, from illegal sexual acts).

(e) (٦) اِلَّا عَلَىٰٓ أَزُوَاْجِهُمۡ أَوْ مَا مَلَكَتۡ أَيْمَـٰنُهُمۡ فَإِنَّهُمۡ غَيۡرُ مَلُومِينَ Except from their wives or (slaves) that their right hands possess, - for then, they are free from blame;

فَمَن ٱبۡتَغَىٰ وَرَآءَ ذَالِكَ فَأُوْلَـٰ إِكَ هُمُ ٱلۡعَادُونَ (V) ﴿ وَمَا لَا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللّ

But whoever seeks beyond that, then those are the transgressors;

وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمۡ لِأَمَاٰتَاٰتِهِمۡ وَعَهۡدِهِمۡ رَأَعُونَ (٨) (g)

Those who are faithfully true to their Amanât (all the duties which Allâh has ordained, honesty, moral responsibility and trusts)[] and to their covenants;

(h) (٩) وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمۡ عَلَىٰ صَلَوَاۡتِهٖمۡ يُحَافِظُونَ And those who strictly guard their (five compulsory congregational) Salawât (prayers) (at their fixed stated hours).

أُوْلَىٰ ۗ هُمُ ٱلْوَأَرِثُونَ (١٠) (i)

These are indeed the inheritors.

سُوْرَةُ المعَارِجِ •

الَّذِينَ هُمۡ عَلَىٰ صَلَاتِهِمۡ دَآبِمُونَ (٢٣) (a)

Those who remain constant in their Salât (prayers);

وَٱلَّذِينَ فِيَ أَمْوَأُلِهِمۡ حَقُّ مَّعُلُومُّ (٢٤) (b)

And those in whose wealth there is a recognized right,

لِّلْسَّآبِل وَٱلۡمَحۡرُومِ (٢٥) (c)

For the beggar who asks, and for the unlucky who has lost his property and wealth, (and his means of living has been straitened);

ُوَٱلَّذِينَ يُصَدِّقُونَ بِيَوۡمِ ٱلدِّين (٢٦) (d)

And those who believe in the Day of Recompense,

وَٱلَّذِينَ هُم مِّنۡ عَذَابِ رَبَّهٖم مُّشۡفِقُونَ (٢٧) (e)

And those who fear the torment of their Lord,

إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبَّهٖمۡ غَيۡرُ مَأْمُونٍ (٢٨) (f)

Verily, the torment of their Lord is that before which none can feel secure

وَٱلَّذِينَ هُم بِشَہَ ٰدَأَتِہِمۡ قَآبِمُونَ (٣٣) (g)

And those who stand firm in their testimonies;

(h) (٣٥) أُوْلَـبَكَ فِى جَنَّاتٍ مُّكۡرَمُونَ (٣٥) Such shall dwell in the Gardens (i.e. Paradise) honored.

سُـوۡرَةُ الفُرقان •

- (a) رَّحَمَـٰن ٱلَّذِينَ يَمُشُونَ عَلَى ٱلْأَرۡض هَوۡنَّا وَإِذَا خَاطَبَهُمُ ٱلۡجَـٰهِلُونَ قَالُواْ سَلَـٰمًا (٦٣) And the (faithful) slaves of the Most Gracious (Allâh) are those who walk on the earth in humility and sedateness, and when the foolish address them (with bad words) they reply back with mild words of gentleness.
- (b) (٦٤) وَٱلَّذِينَ يَبِيتُونَ لِرَبِّهِمۡ سُجَّدًا وَقِيَامًا And those who spend the night in worship of their Lord, prostrate and standing
- (c) (٦٥) وَٱلَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا ٱصُرفُ عَنَّا عَذَابَ جَهَنَّمَ إِنَّ عَذَابَهَا كَانَ غَرَامًا And those who say: "Our Lord! Avert from us the torment of Hell. Verily! Its torment is ever an inseparable, permanent punishment."
- (d) (٦٦) إِنَّهَا سَآءَتُ مُسُتَقَرَّا وَمُقَامًا Evil indeed it (Hell) is as an abode and as a place to rest in.
- (e) (٦٧) وَٱلَّذِينَ إِذَاۤ أَنفَقُواْ لَمۡ يُسۡرفُواْ وَلَمۡ يَقۡتُرُواْ وَكَانَ بَيۡنَ ذَاۡلِكَ قَوَامَّا And those, who, when they spend, are neither extravagant nor niggardly, but hold a medium (way) between those (extremes).
- وَٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَدۡعُونَ مَعَ ٱللَّهِ إِلَـٰهًا ءَاخَرَ وَلَا يَقۡتُلُونَ ٱلنَّفُسَ ٱلَّتِي حَرَّمَ ٱللَّهُ إِلَّا بِٱلۡحَقِّ وَلَا يَزۡنُونَ وَمَن يَفۡعَلُ ذَآلِكَ يَلُقَ (٦٨) أَثَامًا (٦٨)

And those who invoke not any other ilâh (god) along with Allâh, nor kill such person as Allâh has forbidden, except for just cause, nor commit illegal sexual intercourse - and whoever does this shall receive the punishment

- (g) (٦٩) يُضَعَفُ لَهُ ٱلْعَذَابُ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَامَةِ وَيَخَلُدُ فِيةٍ مُهَانًا (The torment will be doubled to him on the Day of Resurrection, and he will abide therein in disgrace;
- (h) (٧٠) اللَّا مَن تَابَ وَءَامَنَ وَعَمِلَ عَمَلاً صَلِحًا فَأُوْلَبٍكَ يُبَدِّكُ ٱللَّهُ سَيَّاتِهِمْ حَسَنَتْ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا Except those who repent and believe (in Islamic Monotheism), and do righteous deeds, for those, Allâh will change their sins into good deeds, and Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful
- (i) (۷۱) وَمَن تَابَ وَعَمِلَ صَلِحًّا فَإِنَّهُ ۗ يَتُوبُ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ مَتَابًا And whosoever repents and does righteous good deeds, then verily, he repents towards Allâh with true repentance.
- (ز) (۷۲) وَٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَشُهِدُونَ ٱلزُّورَ وَإِذَا مَرُّواْ بِٱللَّغُو مَرُّواْ كِرَامًا (۷۲) And those who do not witness to falsehood, and if they pass by some evil play or evil talk, they pass by it with dignity.
- (k) (۷۳) وَٱلَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكِّرُواْ بَأَيلَتِ رَبِّهِمۡ لَمۡ يَخِرُّواْ عَٰلَيُهَا صُمُّا وَعُمۡيَاٰتًا And those who, when they are reminded of the Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of their Lord, fall not deaf and blind thereat.
- (۱) (۷٤) وَٱلَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا هَبُ لَنَا مِنُ أَزُوَأَجِنَا وَذُرَيَّتِنَا قُرَّةَ أَعُيُنْ وَٱجْعَلُنَا لِلُمُتَّقِينَ إِمَامًا (۷٤) And those who say: "Our Lord! Bestow on us from our wives and our offspring the comfort of our eyes, and make us leaders for the Muttaqûn" (pious see V.2:2)."
- (m) (٧٥) أُوْلَـٰهِكَ يُجۡزَوۡنَ ٱلۡغُرُفَةَ بِمَا صَبَرُواْ وَيُلَقَّوۡنَ فِيهَا تَحِيَّةً وَسَـَـٰلَـمًا (٧٥) Those will be rewarded with the highest place (in Paradise) because of their patience. Therein they shall be met with greetings and the word of peace and respect.
- (n) (٧٦) خَـٰلِدِينَ فِيهَا حَسُنَتُ مُسۡتَقَرَّا وَمُقَامًا (٧٦) Abiding therein;— excellent it is as an abode, and as a place to dwell.
- (o) (VV) قُلُ مَا يَغْبَؤُاْ بِكُمْ رَبِّى لَوُلَا دُعَآؤُكُمْ فَقَدُ كَذَّبْتُمْ فَسَوُفَ يَكُونُ لِزَامًا (Say (O Muhammad SAW to the disbelievers): "My Lord pays attention to you only because of your invocation to Him. But now you have indeed denied (Him). So the torment will be yours forever (inseparable permanent punishment)."

What role model has been given to us?

. In Hadith:

1. Best Manners

"God has sent me to perfect good manners and to do good deeds." (Bukhari)

2. Selflessness, never complained

"The Prophets resembled a Prophet who was harmed by his people. He wiped the blood from his face and said: 'O God! Forgive my people, for they know not!" (Bukhari) (After being driven out of taif)

3. Epitome of good manners

"The Prophet did not swear at anyone, nor was He rude, nor did He curse anyone. If he desired to reprimand someone, he would say: 'What is wrong with him, may dust be cast in his face!" (Bukhari)

4. Good humor devoid of laghw, lies, vulgarity or debasing someone

Anas (RA) reports such an example by saying:

"Once a man asked Muhammad ## for an animal to ride. He replied that He would give him the baby of a she-camel to ride on. The man asked 'What would he do with a she-camel baby?' Muhammad ## replied, 'Is there any camel which is not born of a she-camel?"" (Abu-Dawood)

5. Peace lover

In one of His hadith Prophet said:

"Let us go to resolve the situation and make peace between them." (Bukhari)

6. Kind to kids

He sused to say to kids: "I'll give such and such (i.e. gift or so) to the one who comes to me first." So they used to race and fall on His back and chest. (Ahmad)

7. Generous

One of His companions notes:

"The Prophet stid did not refuse to give anything which He had to someone if he asked for it." (Bukhari)

8. Pleasantness

His companion said about Him:

"I have never seen a man who smiled as much as the Messenger of Allah." (Tirmidhi)

9. Cooperative

As one of His companion narrates regarding the battle of Trench:

"I saw the Messenger of Allah on the Day of the Trench carrying dirt (that was dug from the trench) until his chest was covered with dirt." (Bukhari)

10. Caring towards animals

Aisha (RA) narrated: "I once found difficulty riding a horse, so I kept reining it in repeatedly. The Prophet then said, "You must have gentleness."" (Muslim)

11. Dis-association from worldly things

Regarding this attribute of His personality, one of His companions notes:

"The Messenger of Allah did not leave any gold or silver currency, or a slave, male or female, after his death. He only left behind his white mule, his weapons and a piece of land which he declared as charity." (Bukhari)

12. Considerate

Prophet said in a hadith:

"I stand up for prayer intending to prolong it. In the meantime I hear the wailing of a baby and I have to shorten my prayer, being apprehensive lest my recitation of a long verse may tell upon the baby's mother." (Bukhari)

13. Embodiment of Qur'an

Aisha (RA) said that when describing the Prophet . It is mentioned in the lengthy story about Sa'd ibn Hishaam ibn 'Aamir, when he came to Madeenah and went to Aisha (RA) and asked her about some matters. He said: I said: O Mother of the believers, tell me about the character of the Messenger of Allah . She said: Do you not read the Qur'an? I said: Of course. She said: The character of the Prophet of Allah was the Qur'an. I wanted to get up and not ask about anything else until I died... (Muslim #746)

14. Kindness towards everyone

Abu Huraira (RA) said: the Prophet swas asked to curse the infidels. He said, "I have not been sent to curse people but as a mercy to all mankind." (Muslim)

15. Forgiving

Anas (RA) reported that a Jewess came to Allah's Messenger with poisoned mutton and he took of what had been brought to him. (When the effect of his poison were felt by him) he called for her and asked her about that, whereupon she said: I had determined to kill you. Thereupon he said: Allah will never give you the power to do it. He (the narrator) said that they (the Companions of the Holy Prophet) said: Should we not kill her? Thereupon he said: No. He (Anas) said: I felt (the effects of this poison) on the uvula of Allah's Messenger. (Muslim)

16. He fought only for the sake of Allah

Mother of faithful believers, Aisha (RA) said that the Holy Prophet mever struck anybody with his hand, neither a servant nor a women, but he did fight (jihad) in the cause of Allah. He never avenged any wrong done to him personally, but he did avenge a wrong violating divine commandments. (Muslim)

17. Gentleness

Anas (RA) said: While we were in the mosque with Allah's Messenger a desert Arab came and began to pass water in the mosque. The companions of Allah's Messenger said, "Stop! Stop!" but Allah's Messenger said, "Don't interrupt him; leave him alone." They left him alone, and when he had finished, Allah's Messenger called him and said to him, "These mosques are not suitable places for urine and filth, but are only for remembrance of Allah, prayer and recitation of the Qur'an," or however Allah's Messenger expressed it.*Anas (RA) said that he then gave orders to one of the people who brought a bucket and poured water over it. (Bukhari and Muslim)

18. He did not speak to please but always said the truth

Amr ibn al-Aas reports that the Holy Prophet in his special talk, used to pay attention even to the worst man in the community with a view to win his heart. "Towards me also," states Amr, "he used to pay much attention, addressing me more than he did others, wherefore I began to think that I was the best man in the community. So under this impression, one day I asked him: "Am I superior or Hadrat Umar?" He said, 'Umar'. Again I asked him clearly, he told me correctly, without fear or favor, and later on I thought I should not have asked him such things." (Tirmidhi)

19. Ordering with the good and forbidding evil

Abu Saeed al-Khudri said:

I heard the Messenger of Allah say: "Whoever of you sees an evil action, let him change it with his hand; and if he is not able to do so, then with his tongue; and if he is not able to do so, then with his heart..." (Muslim)

^{*}Indicating that the transmitter is not sure of the exact words.

20. Safeguarding and Minding One's Language, Helping widows, orphans and needy

The Messenger of God would busy himself with the remembrance of God; he would not talk in vain. He would lengthen his prayers and shorten the speech, and he would not hesitate to help and take care of the needs of a needy, poor or widow. (Ibn Hib'ban #6423)

21. Faith and trust in Allah

When Abu Bakr and the Prophet hid in a cave after they had left their homes in order to migrate to Madeenah, the disbelievers of Makkah had sent scouts in search of them. They came so close to the cave that Abu Bakr could see their feet. Abu Bakr said:

"I looked at the feet of the pagans while we were in the cave [of Thawr]. I said, 'O Prophet of God! If anyone of them looks down at his feet he would see us!' The Messenger of God said: 'O Abu Bakr! What do you think of two with whom God, the Exalted, is their Third?" (Muslim #1854)

22. Truthfulness

A'ishah said:

"The trait and characteristic which the Prophet \$\mathbb{\matheta}\$ hated most was lying. A man would tell a lie in the presence of the Prophet \$\mathbb{\matheta}\$ and he would hold it against him, until he knew that he repented." (Tirmidthi #1973)

23. Always Seeking the Moderate Path

A'ishah said:

"The Prophet was not given a choice between two matters, except that he chose the easier of the two, as long as it was not a sinful act. If that act was a sinful act, he would be the farthest from it. By God! He never avenged himself. He only became angry when people transgressed the limits and boundaries of God; in that case he avenged [for the sake of God]." (Bukhari #6404)

24. Bashfulness and Modesty

A'ishah said:

"A woman asked the Prophet $\stackrel{\text{\tiny #}}{=}$ about the bath which is taken at the end of the menstrual period. The Prophet $\stackrel{\text{\tiny #}}{=}$ said: 'Purify yourself with a piece of cloth scented with musk.' The Prophet $\stackrel{\text{\tiny #}}{=}$ felt shy and turned his face. A'ishah said: 'I pulled her to myself and told her what the Prophet $\stackrel{\text{\tiny #}}{=}$ meant." (Bukhari #313)

25. Humbleness

Imam Ahmad relates in book of abstinence that someone brought the Prophet a nice pillow to sit on and gave him bread on a nice platter. The Prophet said, "I am slave; I eat like a slave eats and I sit as a slave sits." (Sahih al-Jami')

26. Patience

When his son Ibrahim died, tears came out of his eyes.

Abdur-Rahman the son of Awf said: "Even you O Messenger of Allah are crying." He said: "O son of Awf, it is a mercy." He then followed it with another tear, the Messenger of Allah ## then said:

"The eye sheds tears, the heart is saddened, but we do not say other than what is accepted by Allah; and we are saddened for your departure of this world O Ibrahim."

(Sahih Bukhari Vol #02 Book #23 Hadith #390)

We choose a good neighborhood to build our homes in, similarly we need to be surrounded by good people to build up our own personality





neighborhood

ummat

<u>What types of qualities should an ummat</u> <u>have?</u>

سُوْرَةُ المَائدة •

يَـاْ أَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَن يَرۡتَدَّ مِنكُمۡ عَن دِينِهَ فَسَوۡفَ يَأۡتِى ٱللَّهُ بِقَوۡمِ يُحِبُّهُمۡ وَيُحِبُّونَهُ ۚ أَذِلَّةٍ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤۡمِنِينَ أَعِزَّةٍ عَلَى ٱلۡكَاٰفِرِينَ يُجَاٰمِدُونَ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَا يَخَافُونَ لَوۡمَةَ لَآبِمٍ ذَالِكَ فَضُلُ ٱللَّهِ يَٰؤۡتِيهِ مَن يَشَـآءُ وَٱللَّهُ وَأُسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ عَلَى ٱلۡكَاٰفِرِينَ يُجَاٰمِدُونَ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَا يَخَافُونَ لَوۡمَةَ لَآبِمٍ ذَالِكَ فَضُلُ ٱللَّهِ يَٰؤۡتِيهِ مَن يَشَـآءُ وَٱللَّهُ وَأُسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ

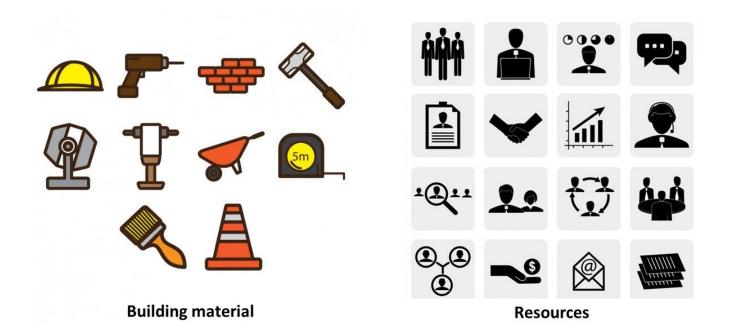
you who believe! Whoever from among you turns back from his religion (Islam), Allâh will bring a people whom He will love and they will love Him; humble towards the believers, stern towards the disbelievers, fighting in the Way of Allâh, and never fear of the blame of the blamers. That is the Grace of Allâh which He bestows on whom He wills. And Allâh is All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, All-Knower.

إِنَّمَا وَلِيُّكُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ ۚ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ يُقِيمُونَ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَيُؤْتُونَ ٱلزَّكَوٰةَ وَهُمۡ رَأَكِعُونَ (٥٥) عَامَنُواْ اللَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ ٱللَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لِللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لَا لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لَا لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لَا لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لَا لَكُولِيْكُمُ لَللَّهُ وَرَسُنُولُهُ وَلَيْكُمُ لَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم لَا لِيلًا عَلَيْكُمُ لَا لَيْوَا عَلَيْكُمُ لَا لِمُعْلَى عَلَيْكُمُ وَلِيلًا عُلَيْكُمُ لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لِيلًا عَلَيْكُمُ لَا لِيلًا عَلَيْكُمُ لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم لَا لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم لَا لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم لِلللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم لَا لِلْكُلِيلُولُوا لللَّهِ عَلَيْكُم لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم لَا لِللَّهِ عَلَيْكُولُوا لَلِيلًا عَلَيْكُم لِلْكُولِ عَلَيْكُولُ عَلَيْكُم لَا عَلَيْكُولُ عَلَيْكُولُكُم لَلْلَهُ عَلَيْكُولُولُولُ عَلَيْكُولُولُولُولُكُمْ لِللَّهِ عَلَيْكُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُ لَلْكُولُ وَلَالِكُولُولُولُولُولُولُ لَلْكُولُولُولُولُ لَلْكُولُولُ لَلْكُولُولُ عَلَيْكُولُ لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُ

Verily, your Walî (Protector or Helper) is none other than Allâh, His Messenger, and the believers, - those who perform As-Salât (Iqamat-as-Salât), and give Zakat, and they are Rakiun (those who bow down or submit themselves with obedience to Allâh in prayer).

وَمَن يَتَوَكَّ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۗ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ فَإِنَّ حِزْبَ ٱللَّهِ هُمُ ٱلْغَلِبُونَ (٥٦) .3

And whosoever takes Allâh, His Messenger, and those who have believed, as Protectors, then the party of Allâh will be the victorious



What are our resources?

- 1. Our approach towards renovating our personality
- 2. Our surroundings & environment of our home
- 3. Time
- 4. Patience
- 5. Help from family and friends
- 6. Learning from our mistakes
- 7. Determination no matter what the situation